



EPRI

ELECTRIC POWER
RESEARCH INSTITUTE



International
Energy Agency
Secure
Sustainable
Together

« Developments in
electrification, implications
for the EU electric industry»
Utility perspective

The logo for ENGIE, featuring the word 'ENGIE' in a white, bold, sans-serif font with a slight shadow effect, set against a dark blue background with a white arc above the letters.

ENGIE

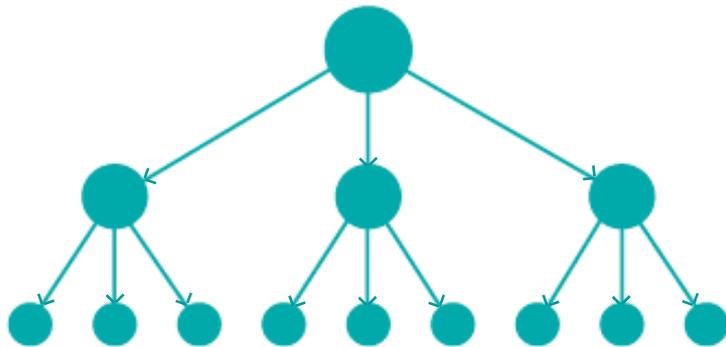
A horizontal decorative bar at the bottom of the slide, composed of several colored segments in shades of blue and green.

Significant threats to Utilities' existing models and asset bases...

- “Dispatchable RE” are increasingly competitive, and offer a way to secure both access to and cost of energy while satisfying green objectives
- Rapid expansion of electric mobility expected to grow electricity demand everywhere
- Integration of distributed generation resources made possible with digital solutions
- Important pledges and public engagements made across sectors and geographies (E.g. R100, EV100 and similar initiatives, political momentum...)
- Growing individual interest to be an active player of the “energy revolution”...
- ... matched by interest from industrial and commercial activities to better integrate with the neighboring communities (E.g. Community Solar / Energy Communities)
- Potential for game-changing competitive “green H2”, with flexible uses far beyond “just” transportation

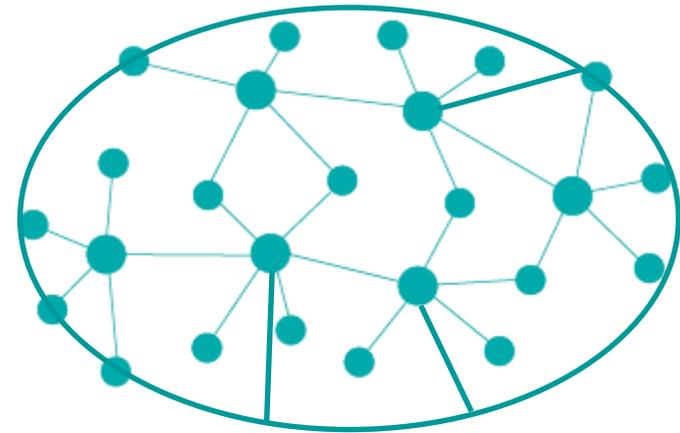
... and major opportunities for growth and value creation in both existing and emerging businesses

The electric system is moving from a « pyramidal » into a « many-to-many » decentralized structure



Pyramidal
(centralized)

Grid operation

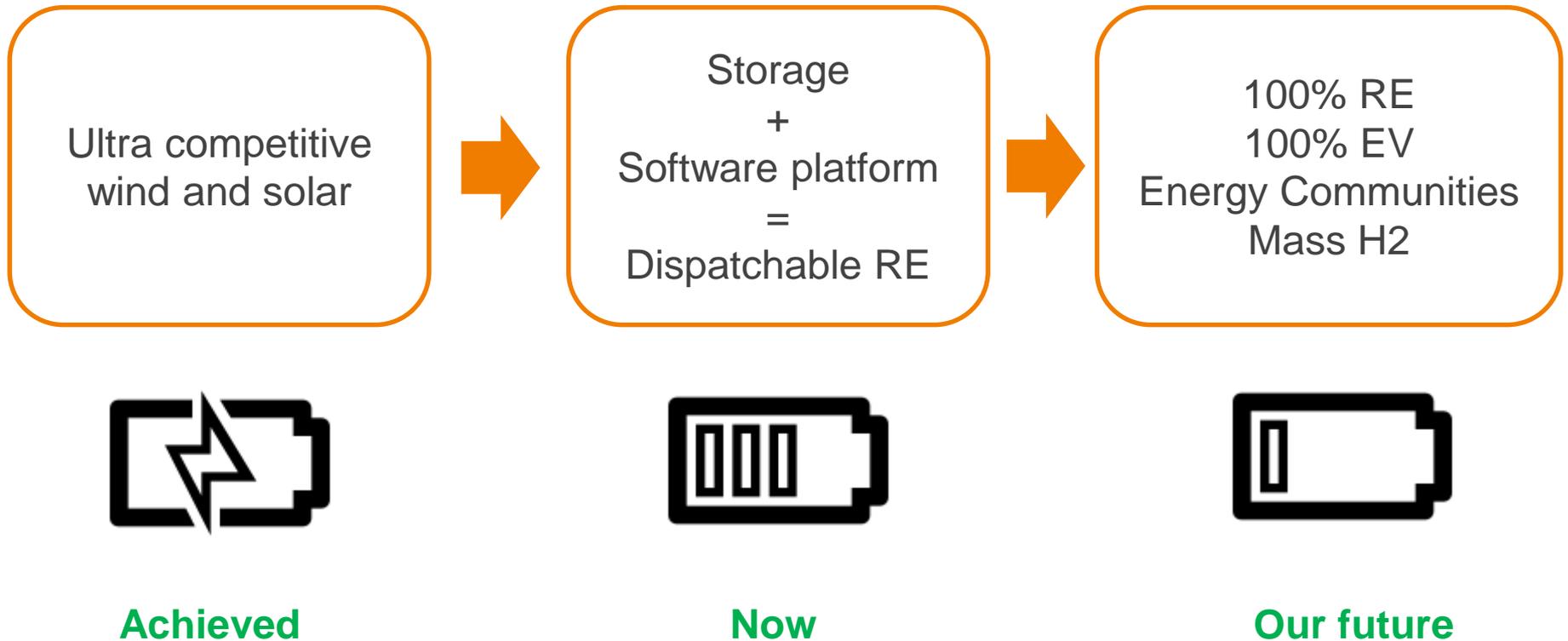


Many-to-Many
(decentralized)

System management



The electric system is evolving very fast... but its market design is not



Will the market design ever catch up?

Achieved

Ultra competitive
wind and solar



Now

Storage
+
Software platform
=
Dispatchable RE

Our future

100% RE
100% EV
Energy Communities
Mass H2



The electric system needs flexibility, the market should provide the conditions for the right infrastructure to be deployed

- The electric system will need (lots of) distributed flexibility to ensure shared security of supply and provide responses to
 - increasing shares of variable RE generation
 - growing distributed generation
 - demand surge associated with large scale EV deployment
- Flexibility services are available (or rapidly emerging) at competitive conditions: mass-scale and distributed storage, multi-fluid applications like P2G, DRM services...
- For flexibility to be available where it's needed, important investments will be necessary
- Viable business models are essential to ensure competitive costs and solidarity among consumers
- In addition, important investments in innovation should continue to push for new solutions... and for additional cost reductions

Homogenization will be important - departing points remain somehow dissimilar across EU

Example : Status of European Demand-Response markets

Country	Ancillary services	Energy	Capacity	Distribution
Austria	Market access granted	Restricted access & limited participation	No participation or activity	Pilot
Belgium	Market access granted	Market access granted	Market access granted	No participation or activity
Finland	Market access granted	Market access granted	Market access granted	Pilot
France	Market access granted	Market access granted	Market access granted	Pilot
Germany	Restricted access & limited participation	Restricted access & limited participation	No participation or activity	No participation or activity
Ireland	Market access granted	Restricted access & limited participation	No participation or activity	No participation or activity
The Netherlands	Market access granted	Market access granted	No participation or activity	No participation or activity
Norway	Market access granted	Restricted access & limited participation	No participation or activity	Pilot
Switzerland	Market access granted	No participation or activity	No participation or activity	Pilot
U.K. (GB)	Market access granted	No participation or activity	Market access granted	Market access granted

Market access granted	Restricted access & limited participation	Pilot	No participation or activity	No access
-----------------------	---	-------	------------------------------	-----------

- Demand-response aggregators now cover the full spectrum of applications within Europe
- Companies are most active in the ancillary services and capacity markets but also bid directly into energy markets and offer support to transmission and distribution operators
- Some license their technology platforms to utilities or system operators.
- Most are interested in storage, but RE and electric vehicles are also in play

While some markets take their time... others are (very) quickly reacting to create the necessary schemes to address its immediate flex needs



- Hourly electricity pricing, and advance estimates by nodes allow for fine bidding of available capacity



- Anticipating upcoming nodal congestions, just launched new mechanism of « advanced purchase of dispatching rights» for new RE capacity to be contracted between private parties (off RE tenders, no state aids)



- In the meantime in France :
 - Energy Transition Act allowed « prosumers » scheme
 - Complementing decrees detailed the scheme
 - but still unclear on how to deal with local distribution pricing



CONCLUSIONS

- **Fast evolving electric systems need fast evolving market structures and policies**
- **The “many-to-many” decentralized electric system will soon become a reality**
- **Flexibility will be essential... and grids won't be enough**
- **New (and competitive) services are available or rapidly emerging**
- **DSOs should be encouraged to look for new solutions from different market players (and market players allowed to provide them!)**

